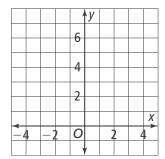
8-3 Additional Practice

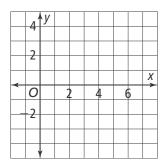
Ouadratic Functions in Standard Form

Graph each function. What are the y-intercept, axis of symmetry, and vertex of each function? Does the vertex represent a maximum or minimum value?

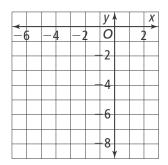
1.
$$f(x) = x^2 + 1$$



2.
$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4x - 2$$
 3. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x - 6$



3.
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x - 6$$



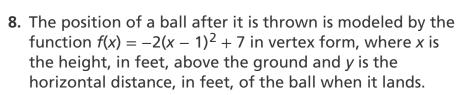
Find the axis of symmetry using the midpoint between the x values of the *x*-intercepts.

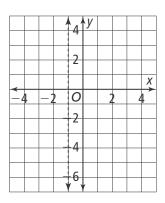
4.
$$f(x) = -9x^2 + 6x^2$$

5.
$$f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x - 9$$

4.
$$f(x) = -9x^2 + 1$$
 5. $f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x - 9$ **6.** $f(x) = 4x^2 + 24x + 131$

- 7. The parabola shown has the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$.
 - a. What is the axis of symmetry?
 - **b.** Use the formula $x = \frac{-b}{2a}$ to find b.
 - c. What is the equation of the parabola?





- a. Write the function in standard form.
- b. What is the height of the ball when it is thrown?
- c. What is the horizontal distance from the point the ball was thrown from to the highest point that the ball reached?

Write each function in standard form.

9.
$$f(x) = -3(x+1)^2 - 4$$

10.
$$f(x) = -(x-2)^2 + 5$$